

APPLETS VS APPLICATIONS:

APPLET

For execution requires a browser or applet viewer.

In it main() is not present.

Can access only browsers services.

No security requirements.

Stand alone in nature. No third party tools needed to run.

APPLICATION

For execution requires JRE.

In it main() is present.

Can access any software or data available on the system.

Requires high security.

Third party tools like browsers are required.

Related Posts:

1. Can Java have same name variable
2. Types of variables in Java programming
3. JAVA and its Support Systems
4. JAVA environment
5. JAVA program structure
6. Tokens
7. Java statements
8. Java virtual machine
9. C++ Versus JAVA
10. Constants and Variables in Java
11. Data types JAVA
12. Defining a class
13. Constructor in JAVA
14. Array in Java
15. Applet
16. Writing applets

17. Applets life cycle
18. Creating an Executable Applet
19. Graphics in Applet
20. Applet image display
21. Applet digital clock
22. Applet mouse event handling
23. JDBC
24. Execute an SQL Statement
25. Process the result
26. CLOSE THE DATABASE CONNECTION
27. File handling
28. Define a class to declare an integer array of size n and accept the elements into the array.
29. Define a class to declare an array of size 20 of the double datatype, accept the elements into the array and perform the following: Calculate and print the sum of all the elements.
30. Java program for String, to uppercase, to equal, length of string
31. Write a Java program for Bubble sort.
32. Write a Java program String to uppercase and count words starting with 'A'
33. How to set path in Java
34. Understanding public static void main (String args[]) { } in Java
35. Difference between static and non static methods in Java