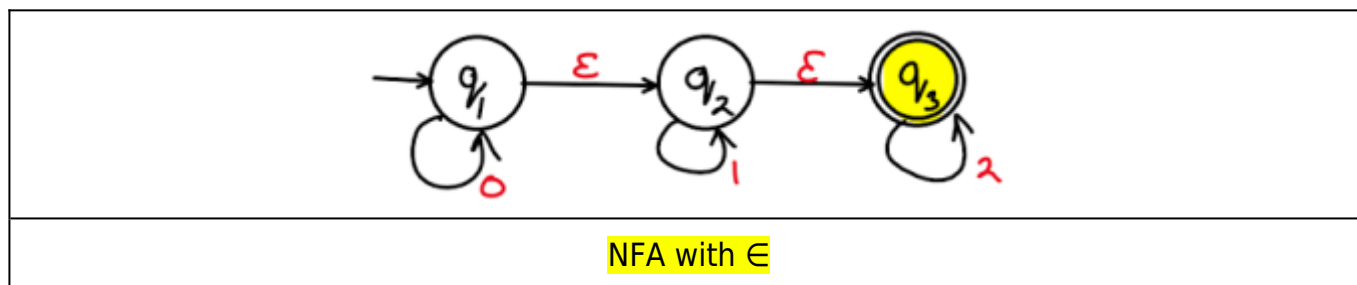


Construct NFA without  $\epsilon$  transitions

Sol.

Step 01: Find  $\epsilon$ -closure of ( $q_1$ ), ( $q_2$ ) and ( $q_3$ ).

$\epsilon$ -closure of ( $q_1$ ) = { $q_1, q_2, q_3$ }

$\epsilon$ -closure of ( $q_2$ ) = { $q_2, q_3$ }

$\epsilon$ -closure of ( $q_3$ ) = { $q_3$ }

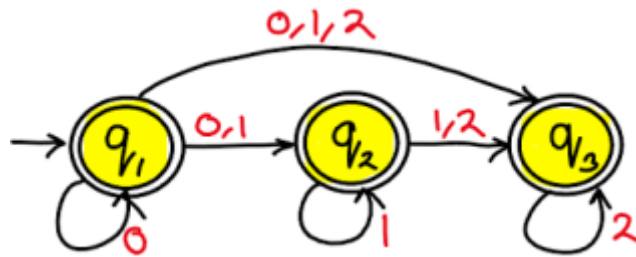
For each state find the next state for each input. See the table below,

State	0	1	2
-> $q_1$	{ $q_1, q_2, q_3$ }	{ $q_2, q_3$ }	{ $q_3$ }
$q_2$	$\varnothing$	{ $q_2, q_3$ }	{ $q_3$ }
$q_3$	$\varnothing$	$\varnothing$	{ $q_3$ }

From the question diagram, it is clear that only with  $\epsilon$  input  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  state can reach to the final state.

So, now without  $\epsilon$  input,  $q_1$  and  $q_2$  is also treated as final states.

As shown in diagram below.

NFA without  $\epsilon$ 

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