

1. Which of the following is NOT a method of conserving electric energy in power plants?

- a) Using energy-efficient motors
- b) Implementing power electronic controlled drives
- c) Increasing illumination levels
- d) Optimizing energy regulation

Answer: c) Increasing illumination levels

Explanation: Increasing illumination levels would consume more electricity rather than conserve it. Energy conservation in power plants typically involves optimizing processes and equipment to reduce energy consumption.

2. Which device is commonly used for energy regulation in power electronics?

- a) Capacitor
- b) Inductor
- c) Thyristor
- d) Resistor

Answer: c) Thyristor

Explanation: Thyristors are semiconductor devices commonly used for controlling the flow of electric current in power electronic circuits, facilitating energy regulation and efficiency improvement.

3. What is a primary focus of energy audit in process industries?

- a) Increasing energy consumption
- b) Identifying energy wastage
- c) Promoting energy-intensive operations
- d) Ignoring energy-saving opportunities

Answer: b) Identifying energy wastage

Explanation: Energy audits in process industries aim to identify areas of energy wastage and inefficiency, enabling the implementation of measures to conserve energy and improve overall efficiency.

4. Which type of measurement system is commonly used for efficiency measurements?

- a) Analog
- b) Digital
- c) Mechanical
- d) Chemical

Answer: b) Digital

Explanation: Digital measurement systems are frequently employed for efficiency measurements due to their accuracy, versatility, and ease of data processing and analysis.

5. What is a key feature of energy-efficient motors?

- a) High energy consumption
- b) Low power factor
- c) Reduced heat dissipation
- d) Limited lifespan

Answer: c) Reduced heat dissipation

Explanation: Energy-efficient motors are designed to minimize energy losses, resulting in reduced heat dissipation compared to conventional motors, thereby improving overall energy efficiency.

6. In air conditioning systems, energy conservation is often achieved through:

- a) Increasing cooling capacity
- b) Decreasing insulation
- c) Utilizing variable speed drives
- d) Enlarging duct sizes

Answer: c) Utilizing variable speed drives

Explanation: Variable speed drives allow air conditioning systems to adjust their operating speed based on actual demand, resulting in energy savings by avoiding constant operation at full capacity.

7. Which measuring device is commonly used for energy consumption monitoring in industrial settings?

- a) Ammeter
- b) Voltmeter
- c) Wattmeter
- d) Ohmmeter

Answer: c) Wattmeter

Explanation: Wattmeters are specifically designed for measuring electrical power consumption and are commonly used in industrial settings to monitor energy usage and identify areas for improvement.

8. What is the primary purpose of using energy-efficient pumps?

- a) Increasing energy consumption
- b) Maximizing heat loss
- c) Minimizing energy usage
- d) Promoting equipment failure

Answer: c) Minimizing energy usage

Explanation: Energy-efficient pumps are designed to minimize energy consumption while maintaining optimal performance, thereby reducing overall energy usage and operating costs.

9. How do thyristors contribute to energy savings in power electronic controlled drives?

- a) By increasing power consumption
- b) By reducing power factor
- c) By optimizing energy regulation
- d) By inducing voltage spikes

Answer: c) By optimizing energy regulation

Explanation: Thyristors in power electronic controlled drives facilitate precise control over energy flow, enabling efficient energy regulation and contributing to overall energy savings.

10. Which industry sector commonly utilizes energy-saving measures for illumination?

- a) Agriculture
- b) Manufacturing
- c) Mining
- d) Construction

Answer: b) Manufacturing

Explanation: The manufacturing sector often implements energy-saving measures for illumination, such as using energy-efficient lighting fixtures and optimizing lighting schedules, to reduce energy consumption and operating costs.

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