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Write a function that calculates the factorial of a given number N and returns the result.

Program In C

```
#include <stdio.h>

int factorial(int N) {
    int result = 1;
    // Calculate factorial
    for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {
        result = result* i;
    }

    return result;
}

int main() {
    int N;

    // Getting input from the user
    printf("Enter a number: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);</pre>
```

```
// Calculate factorial and display the result
int fact = factorial(N);
printf("The factorial of %d is %d\n", N, fact);

return 0;
}
```

Explanation:

- 1. The factorial function is defined, which takes an integer N as a parameter and returns an integer result. This function calculates the factorial of the given number N.
- 2. Inside the factorial function, an integer variable result is initialized to 1. This variable will store the factorial result.
- 3. A for loop is used to calculate the factorial. The loop starts from 1 and iterates up to N. In each iteration, the value of i is multiplied with the current value of result and the updated value is assigned back to result.
- 4. After the loop finishes, the calculated factorial value is stored in result and returned from the function.
- 5. In the main function, an integer variable N is declared to store the user input.
- 6. The program prompts the user to enter a number using printf.
- 7. The value entered by the user is read and stored in N using scanf.
- 8. The factorial function is called with N as the argument, and the returned value is stored in an integer variable fact.
- 9. Finally, the program displays the calculated factorial by printing the message "The factorial of %d is %d\n" using printf. The placeholders %d are replaced with the values of N and fact, respectively.
- 10. The program execution ends, and the program terminates.

```
C Output

Enter a number: 5

The factorial of 5 is 120
```

Program In Java

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Factorial {
    public static int factorial(int N) {
        int result = 1;
        // Calculate factorial
        for (int i = 1; i <= N; i++) {
            result *= i;
        }

        return result;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int N;
}</pre>
```

```
// Getting input from the user
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.print("Enter a number: ");
N = scanner.nextInt();

// Calculate factorial and display the result
int fact = factorial(N);
System.out.printf("The factorial of %d is %d\n", N, fact);
}
```

Explanation:

- 1. The Factorial class is defined, which contains two methods: factorial and main.
- 2. The factorial method is a static method that takes an integer N as a parameter and returns an integer result. This method calculates the factorial of the given number N.
- 3. Inside the factorial method, an integer variable result is initialized to 1. This variable will store the factorial result.
- 4. A for loop is used to calculate the factorial. The loop starts from 1 and iterates up to N.In each iteration, the value of i is multiplied with the current value of result using the*= operator, and the updated value is assigned back to result.
- 5. After the loop finishes, the calculated factorial value is stored in result and returned from the method.
- 6. The main method is also static and serves as the entry point of the program.
- 7. Inside the main method, an integer variable N is declared to store the user input.
- 8. A Scanner object named scanner is created to read input from the user.
- 9. The program prompts the user to enter a number using System.out.print("Enter a number: ").
- 10. The value entered by the user is read and stored in N using scanner.nextInt().

- 11. The factorial method is called with N as the argument, and the returned value is stored in an integer variable fact.
- 12. Finally, the program displays the calculated factorial by printing the message "The factorial of %d is %d\n" using System.out.printf(). The placeholders %d are replaced with the values of N and fact, respectively.
- 13. The program execution ends, and the program terminates.

Java Output

Enter a number: 4

The factorial of 4 is 24

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