GATE CS 2014

An operating system uses the Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance when managing the allocation of three resource types X, Y, and Z to three processes P0, P1, and P2. The table given below presents the current system state. Here, the Allocation matrix shows the current number of resources of each type allocated to each process and the Max matrix shows the maximum number of resources of each type required by each process during its execution.

	ALLOCATION			MAX		
	Χ	Υ	Z	Χ	Υ	Z
P0	0	0	1	8	4	3
P1	3	2	0	6	2	0
P2	2	1	1	3	3	3

There are 3 units of type X, 2 units of type Y and 2 units of type Z still available. The system is

currently in a safe state. Consider the following independent requests for additional resources in the

current state:

REQ1: P0 requests 0 units of X,

0 units of Y and 2 units of Z

REQ2: P1 requests 2 units of X,

0 units of Y and 0 units of Z

Which one of the following is TRUE?

- (A) Only REQ1 can be permitted.
- (B) Only REQ2 can be permitted.
- (C) Both REQ1 and REQ2 can be permitted.

(D) Neither REQ1 nor REQ2 can be permitted

Related Posts:

- 1. GATE 2017 Bankers algorithm Dead lock PYQ
- 2. GATE CS 2020 CPU Scheduling PYQ
- 3. GATE CPU scheduling PYQ
- 4. GATE 1996 CPU Scheduling algo completion time RR
- 5. GATE 2014 DEADLOCK BAKERS ALGO PYQ
- 6. GATE 2015 DEADLOCK BANKERS ALGO PYQ
- 7. GATE 2006 CPU scheduling PYQ
- 8. GATE 2005 CPU scheduling PYQ
- 9. GATE 2004 CPU scheduling PYQ
- 10. GATE CPU scheduling PYQ
- 11. OS#08 | Contiguous and linked list allocation for implementing file system in Hindi video | RGPV previous years