- 1. What process occurs when a molten metal transforms into a solid state?
- a) Melting
- b) Solidification
- c) Sublimation
- d) Evaporation

Answer: b) Solidification

Explanation: Solidification is the process wherein a molten metal transforms into a solid state upon cooling. This process involves the arrangement of atoms or ions into a crystalline structure.

- 2. Which term describes the orderly arrangement of atoms or ions in a crystalline solid?
- a) Amorphous
- b) Crystallography
- c) Metastability
- d) Creep

Answer: b) Crystallography

Explanation: Crystallography is the study of the arrangement of atoms or ions in crystalline solids. It helps in understanding the crystal structure and its properties.

- 3. What type of bond is typically found in metallic substances?
- a) Ionic bond
- b) Covalent bond
- c) Metallic bond
- d) Hydrogen bond

Answer: c) Metallic bond

Explanation: Metallic substances are characterized by metallic bonding, where positively charged metal ions are surrounded by a sea of delocalized electrons, allowing for the free movement of electrons within the structure.

- 4. Which property refers to a material's ability to return to its original shape after deformation?
- a) Strength
- b) Hardness
- c) Elasticity
- d) Malleability

Answer: c) Elasticity

Explanation: Elasticity is the property of a material to return to its original shape and size after the removal of stress or deformation.

- 5. Which term describes a material's ability to withstand permanent deformation under applied stress?
- a) Strength
- b) Hardness
- c) Elasticity
- d) Plasticity

Answer: d) Plasticity

Explanation: Plasticity is the ability of a material to undergo permanent deformation without rupturing when subjected to applied stress beyond its elastic limit.

- 6. What property allows a material to be hammered or rolled into thin sheets without breaking?
- a) Strength
- b) Hardness
- c) Malleability
- d) Ductility

Answer: c) Malleability

Explanation: Malleability is the property of a material that enables it to be hammered or rolled into thin sheets without fracturing.

- 7. Which term refers to the gradual deformation of a material under constant stress over time?
- a) Creep
- b) Fatigue
- c) Elasticity
- d) Plasticity

Answer: a) Creep

Explanation: Creep is the slow, time-dependent deformation of a material under constant stress or load, occurring at elevated temperatures.

- 8. What type of fatigue occurs due to repeated loading and unloading of a material?
- a) Creep fatigue
- b) Thermal fatigue
- c) Mechanical fatigue
- d) Fatigue failure

Answer: c) Mechanical fatigue

Explanation: Mechanical fatigue is the failure of a material due to repeated loading and unloading, leading to crack initiation and propagation.

- 9. Which term describes the ability of a material to resist indentation or scratching?
- a) Strength
- b) Hardness
- c) Elasticity
- d) Malleability

Answer: b) Hardness

Explanation: Hardness is the resistance of a material to indentation, scratching, or

penetration.

- 10. What is the predominant element in industrial steel manufacturing?
- a) Iron
- b) Copper
- c) Aluminum
- d) Nickel

Answer: a) Iron

Explanation: Steel, an alloy primarily composed of iron and carbon, is a vital industrial material extensively used in various applications due to its strength and versatility.

- 11. Which prevailing manufacturing method involves shaping metal by pouring it into a mold and allowing it to cool and solidify?
- a) Casting

- b) Forging
- c) Extrusion
- d) Machining

Answer: a) Casting

Explanation: Casting is a manufacturing process wherein molten metal is poured into a mold cavity, allowed to solidify, and then removed to form the desired shape.

- 12. Which mechanical property refers to a material's ability to resist external forces without breaking or deforming?
- a) Strength
- b) Hardness
- c) Elasticity
- d) Plasticity

Answer: a) Strength

Explanation: Strength is the mechanical property of a material that measures its ability to withstand applied forces without failure or deformation.

- 13. What type of bond is typically found in ceramic materials?
- a) Ionic bond
- b) Covalent bond
- c) Metallic bond
- d) Hydrogen bond

Answer: a) Ionic bond

Explanation: Ceramic materials often possess ionic bonding, where atoms transfer electrons

to form positively and negatively charged ions, resulting in strong electrostatic attraction.

- 14. Which property refers to a material's ability to be stretched or drawn into a wire?
- a) Strength
- b) Hardness
- c) Malleability
- d) Ductility

Answer: d) Ductility

Explanation: Ductility is the property of a material to deform plastically under tensile stress, allowing it to be stretched or drawn into a wire without fracturing.

- 15. What is the term for the state of a material when it exists in more than one crystal structure at the same time?
- a) Polymorphism
- b) Allotropy
- c) Isomorphism
- d) Eutectoid

Answer: b) Allotropy

Explanation: Allotropy is the phenomenon where a material exists in more than one crystal structure, typically occurring due to different arrangements of atoms or ions within the lattice.

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