- 1. What is OLAP?
- a) Online Longitudinal Analytical Processing
- b) Online Analytical Processing
- c) Offline Analytical Process
- d) Overlooked Analytical Platform

Answer: b) Online Analytical Processing

Explanation: OLAP is a technology that enables analysts to extract and view business data from different perspectives, facilitating multidimensional analysis of large volumes of data.

- 2. Which of the following OLAP operations involves the transformation of data from detailed to summarized views?
- a) Drill-down
- b) Roll-up
- c) Slice
- d) Dice

Answer: b) Roll-up

Explanation: Roll-up involves aggregating data along one or more dimensions, moving from a detailed level to a higher level of summarization.

- 3. Which OLAP query operation restricts data along one or more dimensions?
- a) Drill-down
- b) Roll-up
- c) Slice

d) Dice

Answer: c) Slice

Explanation: Slicing involves selecting a single value along one or more dimensions, thereby restricting the data to a specific subset.

- 4. Which type of OLAP server stores pre-aggregated data in multidimensional cubes?
- a) ROLAP
- b) MOLAP
- c) HOLAP
- d) DOLAP

Answer: b) MOLAP

Explanation: Multidimensional OLAP (MOLAP) servers store data in multidimensional arrays (cubes), allowing for fast query performance due to pre-aggregation.

- 5. What does ROLAP stand for in the context of OLAP servers?
- a) Relational Online Analytical Processing
- b) Real-time Online Analytical Processing
- c) Rational Online Analytical Processing
- d) Reflective Online Analytical Processing

Answer: a) Relational Online Analytical Processing

Explanation: ROLAP servers operate directly on relational databases, utilizing SQL queries to perform OLAP operations.

- 6. Which OLAP operation allows users to view data at a more detailed level?
- a) Drill-down
- b) Roll-up
- c) Slice
- d) Dice

Answer: a) Drill-down

Explanation: Drill-down involves navigating from summarized data to detailed data by moving down through the hierarchy of one or more dimensions.

- 7. Which type of OLAP server combines the benefits of both ROLAP and MOLAP?
- a) HOLAP
- b) DOLAP
- c) EOLAP
- d) SOLAP

Answer: a) HOLAP

Explanation: Hybrid OLAP (HOLAP) servers store some data in multidimensional cubes (like MOLAP) and other data in relational tables (like ROLAP), offering a balance between performance and flexibility.

- 8. In OLAP, what does the term "Drill-across" refer to?
- a) Navigating through different dimensions within the same hierarchy
- b) Analyzing data from different OLAP cubes
- c) Accessing data stored in different databases

d) Moving from one level of aggregation to another

Answer: b) Analyzing data from different OLAP cubes

Explanation: Drill-across involves performing analysis by accessing and combining data from multiple OLAP cubes, allowing for comprehensive cross-dimensional analysis.

- 9. What is the primary purpose of OLAP systems?
- a) To facilitate real-time transaction processing
- b) To optimize data storage in data warehouses
- c) To support complex analytical and ad-hoc queries
- d) To automate data cleansing processes

Answer: c) To support complex analytical and ad-hoc queries

Explanation: OLAP systems are designed to enable users to perform multidimensional analysis of data, allowing for flexible and in-depth exploration of business information.

- 10. Which of the following is a key consideration for the operational design of data warehouses related to security?
- a) Data compression techniques
- b) Load balancing algorithms
- c) Access control mechanisms
- d) Indexing strategies

Answer: c) Access control mechanisms

Explanation: Access control mechanisms are essential for ensuring that only authorized users can access and manipulate data within the data warehouse, thereby maintaining data

security and integrity.

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