

1. What is the term used to describe inventions that are not eligible for patent protection?

- a) Patentable inventions
- b) Non-infringing inventions
- c) Public domain inventions
- d) Non-patentable inventions

Answer: d) Non-patentable inventions

Explanation: Non-patentable inventions refer to innovations that do not meet the criteria for patentability, such as discoveries, scientific theories, mathematical methods, and methods of medical treatment.

2. Which of the following is NOT a criterion for obtaining a patent?

- a) Novelty
- b) Utility
- c) Aesthetic appeal
- d) Non-obviousness

Answer: c) Aesthetic appeal

Explanation: While novelty, utility, and non-obviousness are essential criteria for obtaining a patent, aesthetic appeal is not typically a consideration for patentability.

3. What is the term of a patent in most jurisdictions, including the United States?

- a) 10 years

- b) 15 years
- c) 20 years
- d) 25 years

Answer: c) 20 years

Explanation: In most jurisdictions, including the United States, the term of a patent is 20 years from the date of filing the patent application.

4. What is the primary right granted to a patentee?

- a) Right to manufacture the patented invention
- b) Right to prevent others from making, using, and selling the patented invention
- c) Right to sell the patented invention
- d) Right to publicly disclose the patented invention

Answer: b) Right to prevent others from making, using, and selling the patented invention

Explanation: The primary right granted to a patentee is the exclusive right to prevent others from making, using, selling, or importing the patented invention without permission.

5. What is the process called when a government permits the use of a patented invention by someone other than the patent owner without the owner's consent?

- a) Patent waiver
- b) Patent forfeiture
- c) Compulsory license
- d) Patent amnesty

Answer: c) Compulsory license

Explanation: A compulsory license is a legal mechanism by which a government allows someone other than the patent owner to use the patented invention without the owner's consent, typically for reasons of public interest or national emergency.

6. In what circumstances can a patent be revoked?

- a) If the patent holder fails to pay annual maintenance fees
- b) If the patented invention is found to lack novelty
- c) If the patented invention is found to be non-obvious
- d) If the patent holder refuses to license the invention

Answer: b) If the patented invention is found to lack novelty

Explanation: A patent can be revoked if it is found that the patented invention lacks novelty, meaning that the invention was already known or disclosed before the patent application was filed.

7. What term describes the unauthorized use, manufacture, or sale of a patented invention?

- a) Patent infringement
- b) Patent breach
- c) Patent violation
- d) Patent encroachment

Answer: a) Patent infringement

Explanation: Patent infringement occurs when someone other than the patent owner engages in the unauthorized use, manufacture, or sale of a patented invention.

8. What is an example of an exception to patent infringement?

- a) Private, non-commercial use
- b) Educational use
- c) Research and experimentation
- d) All of the above

Answer: d) All of the above

Explanation: Exceptions to patent infringement may include private, non-commercial use, educational use, research, and experimentation, depending on the jurisdiction and specific circumstances.

9. What is the primary purpose of remedies in patent law?

- a) To compensate the patent holder for damages
- b) To prevent future infringement
- c) To invalidate the patent
- d) To promote competition

Answer: b) To prevent future infringement

Explanation: The primary purpose of remedies in patent law is to prevent future infringement of the patented invention, which may include injunctions to stop infringing activities and monetary damages to compensate the patent holder.

10. Which body is responsible for the registration and administration of patents in many countries?

- a) Patent Tribunal
- b) Patent Authority
- c) Patent Office
- d) Patent Commission

Answer: c) Patent Office

Explanation: The Patent Office, also known as the Patent and Trademark Office (PTO) in some countries, is responsible for the registration and administration of patents, including examination, grant, and maintenance of patents within its jurisdiction.

Related posts:

1. Stones, Brick, Mortar and Concrete MCQs
2. Timber ,Glass , Steel and Aluminium MCQS
3. Flooring , Roofing ,Plumbing and Sanitary Material MCQS
4. Paints, Enamels and Varnishes MCQs
5. Miscellaneous ConstructionMaterials MCQs
6. Surveying & Levelling MCQS
7. Theodolite Traversing MCQs
8. Tacheometry MCQS
9. Curves MCQS
10. Hydrographic Survey MCQs
11. Drawing of Building Elements MCQS
12. Building Planning MCQS

13. Building Services MCQs
14. Architectural Principles MCQs
15. Town Planning & Perspective Drawing MCQs
16. Simple Stress and Strains MCQs
17. Bending and Shearing Stresses MCQs
18. Beam Deflection Methods MCQs
19. Columns and Struts MCQs
20. Torsion of Shafts MCQs
21. Review of Fluid Properties MCQs
22. Kinematics of Flow MCQs
23. Dynamics of Flow MCQs
24. Laminar Flow MCQs
25. Fluid Mechanics MCQs
26. Highway Engineering MCQs
27. Bituminous & Cement Concrete Payments MCQS
28. Transportation Engineering MCQs
29. Airport Planning and Geometrical Elements MCQs
30. Airport, Obstructions, Lightning & Traffic control MCQs
31. Preliminary and detailed investigation methods MCQs
32. Construction equipments MCQs
33. Contracts MCQs
34. Specifications & Public Works Accounts MCQs
35. Site Organization & Systems Approach to Planning MCQs
36. Construction Estimation MCQs
37. Rate Analysis MCQs
38. Detailed Estimates MCQs
39. Cost of Works MCQS

40. Valuation MCQS
41. Marine Construction MCQs
42. Harbour Planning MCQs
43. Natural Phenomena MCQS
44. Marine Structures MCQs
45. Docks and Locks MCQS
46. Urban Planning MCQs
47. Urban Planning MCQs: Sustainability, Finance, and Emerging Concepts
48. Urban Planning MCQs
49. Traffic transportation systems MCQs
50. Development plans MCQS
51. Remote Sensing MCQs
52. Remote Sensing Platforms and Sensors MCQS
53. Geographic Information System MCQS
54. Data Models mCQs
55. Integrated Applications of Remote sensing and GIS MCQs
56. Renewable Energy MCQs
57. Renewable Energy Systems Overview MCQ
58. Renewable Energy MCQs
59. Alternative Energy Sources MCQs
60. Electric Energy Conservation MCQs
61. Entrepreneurship MCQs
62. Motivation MCQS
63. Small Business Setup MCQs
64. Finance and Accounting MCQs
65. Entrepreneurial Sickness and Small Business Growth MCQs
66. Design features and construction of Foundations MCQs

67. Formwork and Temporary structures MCQs
68. Masonry and walls MCQS
69. Floor and Roof Construction MCQs
70. Earthquake-Resistant Building MCQs
71. Virtual work and Energy Principles MCQS
72. Indeterminate Structures-I MCQS
73. Indeterminate Structures – II MCQs
74. V Arches and Suspension Cables MCQS
75. Rolling loads and Influence Lines MCQS
76. Railway Track Construction MCQs
77. Railway Track Design and Signaling MCQs
78. Bridge Construction Essentials MCQs
79. Bridge Construction MCQs
80. Tunnels MCQS
81. Geology Earth's Processes and Phenomena MCQs
82. Mineralogy and crystallography MCQs
83. Petrology MCQs
84. Structural geology MCQs
85. Geology, Remote Sensing, and GIS MCQs
86. Waste water Treatment Operations MCQs
87. Biological Treatment of waste-water MCQS
88. Advanced Waste-water treatment MCQS
89. Introduction of Air pollution MCQS
90. Air pollution chemistry MCQs
91. Undamped Single Degree of Freedom System MCQS
92. Damped Single Degree of Freedom System MCQ
93. Response to harmonic and periodic vibrations MCQS



- 94. Response to Arbitrary, Step, and Pulse Excitation MCQS
- 95. Multi Degree of Freedom System MCQS
- 96. Structural Engineering MCQs
- 97. Building Services MCQs
- 98. Lift & Escalator MCQS
- 99. Fire-Fighting MCQs
- 100. Acoustics and sound insulation and HVAC system MCQS
- 101. Miscellaneous Services MCQS
- 102. Basic Principles of Structural Design MCQs
- 103. Design of Beams MCQs
- 104. Design of Slabs MCQS
- 105. Columns & Footings MCQs
- 106. Staircases MCQs
- 107. Water Resources MCQs
- 108. Water Supply Systems MCQs
- 109. Water Treatment methods MCQs
- 110. Sewerage Systems MCQS
- 111. Wastewater Analysis & Disposal MCQs
- 112. Irrigation water requirement and Soil-Water-Crop relationship MCQS
- 113. Ground Water and Well irrigation MCQs
- 114. Hydrology MCQs
- 115. Canals and Structures MCQs
- 116. Floods MCQS
- 117. Prefabrication in Construction MCQs
- 118. Prefabricated Construction MCQs
- 119. Design Principles MCQs
- 120. Structural Joint MCQs

121. Design of abnormal load MCQS
122. Advance Pavement Design MCQs
123. Flexible Pavements MCQS
124. Rigid Pavements MCQS
125. Rigid pavement design MCQs
126. Evaluation and Strengthening of Existing Pavements MCQS
127. Cost Effective & ECO-Friendly Structures MCQs
128. Cost effective construction techniques and equipments MCQs
129. Cost effective sanitation MCQS
130. Low Cost Road Construction MCQs
131. Cost analysis and comparison MCQ
132. Turbulent flow MCQS
133. Uniform flow in open channels MCQs
134. Non uniform flow in open channels MCQs
135. Forces on immersed bodies MCQs
136. Fluid Machines MCQs
137. Intellectual Property Rights MCQs
138. Copyright MCQs
139. Trade Marks, Designs & GI MCQs
140. Contemporary Issues & Enforcement of IPR MCQs
141. Concept of EIA MCQs
142. Methods of Impact Identification MCQs
143. Impact analysis MCQs
144. Preparation of written documentation MCQs
145. Public Participation in Environmental Decision making MCQs
146. Linear Models MCQs
147. Transportation Models And Network Models MCQs

- 148. Inventory Models MCQs
- 149. Queueing Models MCQS
- 150. Decision Models MCQs
- 151. Basis of Structural Design and Connection Design MCQS
- 152. Design of Compression and Tension Members MCQs
- 153. Design of Flexural Members MCQs
- 154. Design of Columns and Column Bases MCQs
- 155. Design of Industrial Buildings MCQS
- 156. Hydrological Cycle mCQs
- 157. Hydrological Measurement MCQs
- 158. Groundwater and Well Dynamics MCQs
- 159. Hydrology MCQs
- 160. Hydrology MCQs
- 161. Selection of foundation and Sub-soil exploration/investigation MCQs
- 162. Shallow Foundation MCQs
- 163. Pile foundations MCqs
- 164. Foundations on problematic soil & Introduction to Geosynthetics MCQs
- 165. Retaining Walls and Earth Pressure MCQs
- 166. Types of Bridge Super Structures MCQs
- 167. Design of R.C. Bridge MCQs
- 168. Design of Steel Bridges MCQs
- 169. Pier, Abutment and Wing Walls MCQs
- 170. Foundations and Bearings MCQs
- 171. Engineering Seismology MCQS
- 172. Response Spectrum MCQs
- 173. Aseismic Structural Modelling MCQS
- 174. Design of structure for earthquake resistance MCQS

- 175. Seismic control of structures MCQs
- 176. Introduction to Artificial Intelligence MCQs
- 177. Various types of production systems and search techniques MCQs
- 178. Knowledge Representation and Probabilistic Reasoning MCQS
- 179. Game playing techniques MCQs
- 180. Introduction to learning ,ANN MCQs
- 181. Concrete Structure MCQs
- 182. Damage Assessment MCQs
- 183. Influence on Serviceability and Durability MCQs
- 184. Maintenance and Retrofitting Techniques MCQs
- 185. Materials for Repair and Retrofitting MCQs
- 186. Paradigm Shift in Water Management MCQS
- 187. Sustainable Water Resources Management MCQs
- 188. Integrated Water Resources Management (IWRM) Approach MCQs
- 189. Surface and Subsurface Water Systems MCQS
- 190. Conventional and Non-conventional Techniques for Water Security MCQs
- 191. Internet of Things MCQS
- 192. Analysis Design of Algorithm MCQ
- 193. Discrete Structure MCQ
- 194. Graphs MCQ
- 195. Encapsulation and Data Abstraction MCQ
- 196. Algorithms, Designing MCQ
- 197. Software Maintenance & Software Project Measurement MCQ
- 198. File Systems MCQ
- 199. Management MCQs
- 200. Pitfalls in MIS Development MCQs