Program to calculate sum of all numbers from 1 to 100.

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Write a program that prints the sum of all numbers from 1 to 100 .

## Program In C

$C^{-1}$

```
    #include <stdio.h>
    int main() {
        int sum = 0;
        int i;
        for (i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
        sum += i;
    }
    printf("The sum of all numbers from 1 to 100 is: %d\n", sum);
    return 0;
}
```


## Explanation:

- In this program, we declare an integer variable sum and initialize it to 0.
- The for loop runs from 1 to 100 , and in each iteration, it adds the value of $i$ to the sum variable using the $+=$ operator.

Program to calculate sum of all numbers from 1 to 100.

- After the loop, we use printf to display the final value of sum.

Output:

## Output

The sum of all numbers from 1 to 100 is: 5050

## Program In Java

Java

```
public class SumHundred {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            int sum = 0;
            int i;
            for (i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
            sum += i;
            }
            System.out.println("The sum of all numbers from 1 to 100 is: "
+ sum);
    }
}
```

Program to calculate sum of all numbers from 1 to 100.

## Explanation:

1. The public class SumHundred defines a class named SumHundred, which is the entry point for the Java program.
2. The public static void main(String[] args) method is the main method, which serves as the starting point for the execution of the program.
3. int sum $=0$; declares and initializes an integer variable sum to 0 , which will store the sum of numbers.
4. int $i$; declares an integer variable $i$ which will be used as a loop counter in the for loop.
5. for ( $i=1 ; i<=100 ; i++$ ) is a for loop that starts with $i$ being 1 , executes the loop body as long as $i$ is less than or equal to 100 , and increments $i$ by 1 in each iteration.
6. Inside the loop body, sum $+=i$; adds the value of $i$ to the sum variable, effectively summing up all the numbers from 1 to 100 .
7. System.out.println("The sum of all numbers from 1 to 100 is: " + sum); prints the result to the console, concatenating the sum value with the given string.

## Output

The sum of all numbers from 1 to 100 is: 5050

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