- 1. Which of the following best describes the characterizing equation of a sequential system?
- A) An equation that defines the relationship between input and output variables
- B) An equation that specifies the state transitions based on input and current state
- C) An equation that describes the timing characteristics of the system
- D) An equation that governs the power consumption of the system

Answer: B) An equation that specifies the state transitions based on input and current state. Explanation: The characterizing equation of a sequential system typically describes how the output and next state are determined by the current state and input.

- 2. What defines a synchronous sequential machine?
- A) It has no clock signal
- B) It operates without any memory elements
- C) Its state transitions are controlled by a clock signal
- D) It relies solely on combinational logic

Answer: C) Its state transitions are controlled by a clock signal.

Explanation: Synchronous sequential machines synchronize their state transitions to a clock signal, ensuring orderly and predictable behavior.

- 3. How are state diagrams and state tables typically derived from a verbal description of a sequential system?
- A) By analyzing the power consumption
- B) By minimizing the number of states
- C) By examining the timing characteristics

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D) By identifying the states and state transitions

Answer: D) By identifying the states and state transitions.

Explanation: State diagrams and state tables are derived by identifying the different states of the system and the transitions between them based on verbal descriptions.

- 4. In which type of sequential machine does the output depend on both the current state and input?
- A) Mealy machine
- B) Moore machine
- C) Johnson counter
- D) Asynchronous machine

Answer: A) Mealy machine.

Explanation: In a Mealy machine, the output is a function of both the current state and input, unlike in a Moore machine where it depends only on the current state.

- 5. What distinguishes a Mealy model from a Moore model in terms of state table representation?
- A) Mealy model has additional columns for inputs
- B) Moore model has additional columns for outputs
- C) Both models have the same state table representation
- D) Moore model has additional rows for states

Answer: A) Mealy model has additional columns for inputs.

Explanation: In a Mealy model state table, there are additional columns for inputs, as the

outputs depend on both the current state and input.

- 6. How is the state table of a sequential machine minimized?
- A) By maximizing the number of states
- B) By increasing the number of inputs
- C) By combining equivalent states
- D) By introducing additional memory elements

Answer: C) By combining equivalent states.

Explanation: Minimizing the state table involves identifying and combining equivalent states to reduce the complexity of the machine.

- 7. Which type of sequential machine allows for asynchronous state transitions?
- A) Mealy machine
- B) Moore machine
- C) Synchronous machine
- D) Asynchronous machine

Answer: D) Asynchronous machine.

Explanation: Asynchronous machines do not rely on a clock signal for state transitions, allowing for more flexible timing behavior.

- 8. What is the purpose of minimizing the state table of a completely specified sequential machine?
- A) To increase power consumption

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- B) To decrease the number of inputs
- C) To reduce the number of states
- D) To introduce more complexity

Answer: C) To reduce the number of states.

Explanation: Minimizing the state table helps reduce the complexity of the machine by decreasing the number of states required to represent its behavior.

- 9. Which type of machine's output depends only on the current state, not on the inputs?
- A) Mealy machine
- B) Moore machine
- C) Synchronous machine
- D) Asynchronous machine

Answer: B) Moore machine.

Explanation: In a Moore machine, the output depends solely on the current state, regardless of the inputs.

- 10. What aspect of a sequential system is described by its state diagram?
- A) Input-output relationship
- B) Timing characteristics
- C) State transitions
- D) Power consumption

Answer: C) State transitions.

Explanation: State diagrams visually represent the different states of a system and the

transitions between them, aiding in understanding its behavior.

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